

## WEIGHTED ARITHMETIC MEAN.

We provide equal weightage to every individuals when calculating arithmetic mean. But really there are own different importance of every individuals in series.

Weighted arithmetic mean provide their own value and calculate mean.

- \* Direct method of calculation of weighted Arithmetic mean -

$$\bar{X}_w = \frac{\sum w \cdot x}{\sum w}$$

Where,

$\bar{X}_w$  = Weighted arithmetic mean.

$\sum w \cdot x$  = sum of weight  $\times$  individual value.

$\sum w$  = sum of weight.

- \* Short cut method -

$$\bar{X}_w = A_w + \frac{\sum w \cdot d_x}{\sum w}$$

Where,

$A_w$  = Assumed weighted mean.

$d_x$  =  $x - \text{Assumed weighted mean}$ .

$\times$  Computed the weighted arithmetic mean of the index number from the following data -

group	INDEX NO.	Weight
food	125	10
clothing	130	8
fuel and light	140	6
House rent	170	2
miscellaneous	180	4

Solution

group	Index No(x)	Weight(w)	Direct method $Wx$	INDirect method $d(x - 140)$	wt.d.
food	125	10	1250	-25	-150
clothing	130	8	1040	-10	-80
fuel and light	140	6	840	0	0
House rent	170	2	340	30	60
Miscellaneous	180	4	720	40	160

$\times$  Direct method

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \bar{x}_w &= \frac{\sum w_x}{\sum w} \\ &= \frac{4190}{30} \\ &= 139.67\end{aligned}$$

$\times$  Weighted mean (short cut method)

$$\begin{aligned}\bar{x}_w &= A + \frac{\sum d_w x}{\sum f} \\ &= 140 + \frac{(-10)}{30} \\ &= 140 - 0.33 \\ &= 139.67\end{aligned}$$